



Containing the freshest Advices,

both Foreign and Domestic.

T U E S D A Y, DECEMBER 13, 1768.

Mr. CROUCH,

As the following is intended for the good of mankind, and that our candle may no longer be hid, your giving it a place in your gazette, we apprehend, will be transposing of it to open view, and if the intended good effect should arise in consequence thereof, it will give great satisfaction to, as well correspond with, the earnest desire of the members of the FELLOWSHIP SOCIETY.

Deu. 15. xi. For the poor shall never cease out of the land: Therefore I command thee, saying, thou shalt open thy hand unto thy brother, to thy poor, and unto thy needy in thy land.

THE great author of our being, faith and assistance, from the earliest period of time, doth confirm his unchangeable providence, by foretelling the common vicissitudes of human life, as being imperfect. So the Christian religion, in general, is the most perfect institution, containing the most compleat system of moral rules and precepts, that was ever extant in the world; particularly, in the doctrines of love and charity. Seeing then the command strictly enjoins us to open our hands wide unto the poor, we are almost persuaded these words will have a due effect on every compassionate heart in this province.

As (in that beautiful parable of the traveller wounded by thieves) "the good Samaritan, he came to the place where the distressed traveller lay, he had compassion on him, and went to him and bound up his wounds, pouring in oil and wine, and set him on his beast, and brought him to an inn, and took care of him, in giving money to the host, saying, take care of him, and what thou spendest more I will repay thee."

Behaviour of this kind points out the true spirit of charity, as flowing from a principle becoming Christianity, which should be extended to all in general, as far as in us lies, where real need is known to oppress them; of what climate, nation, or religion they be, we are under the strictest ties of social duty to relieve them.

Among the various occasions which offer, for the exercise of relief to the sick and lame poor, under the provision of an INFIRMARY, is that which lays claim to our present intention; for the frequent opportunities of observing the distress of such distressed poor, as from time to time come to Charles-Town, for advice and assistance, and how difficult it is for them to procure suitable lodgings, and other conveniences, proper for their respective cases, for want whereof many must suffer greatly, and some probably perish, that might otherwise be restored to health and comfort, and be- come useful to themselves, their families, and the public, for many years after; and considering, moreover, that even the poor inhabitants of this town, though they have homes, yet are therein but badly accommodated in sickness, and cannot be so well and so easily taken care of in their separate habita- tions as they might be in one convenient house, under one inspection, and in the hands of skilful Physicians and Surgeons.

The more effectually to answer this end, but a small number, as yet, of the many well disposed persons in this province, have cheerfully entered into a Society, known and distinguished by the name of the FELLOWSHIP SOCIETY, held at Charles-Town, South-Carolina; and by a small contribution from each member annually, have acquired a considerable sum of money in fund, which they are desirous should be applied towards founding an INFIRMARY, or HOSPITAL, for the reception and relief of lunatics, and other distressed and sick poor in this province; therefore, take this method of acquainting all in general, of their earnest wish to have this plan perfected, which can be done either by joining the Society as members, or by way of donation; from which they hope for success, especially when they consider whose cause they plead, and above all, when they consider in whose name they plead, cannot think they shall plead in vain.

II. Cor. 9. vii. For God loveth a cheerful giver.

From the bountiful hand of charity, it may be remarked, in behalf of those institutions, that they are confessedly of public utility, as founded on the most allowed principles of humanity. But some men will say, we do good separately, in relieving the sick poor, which certainly is commendable; but we must beg leave further to observe, that such kind of charity is but small, when compared with what may be done collectively. Hence the erecting of Hospitals or Infirmarys has been found by experience exceedingly beneficial, as they turn out annually great numbers of patients perfectly cured, who might otherwise have been lost to their families, and to society; for as we are in this world continually changing, a few years knowledge inform us, that very often the children of the wealthy are in want and misery, while many of those who have but a small share of the good things of this life, are lifted into estates. Since then our present state, how prosperous soever, hath no stability, but what depends on the good providence of God, how careful should we be freely to distribute a small portion of our stewardship towards the distress of our fellow creatures, when objects of charity, and opportunities of relieving them present themselves. Having thus pointed out that most excellent way of charity, or love to God, and our neighbour, what remains but that we walk therein, whilst our faith worketh by love, and our love by showing mercy to the poor.

Matthew 5. vii. Blessed are the merciful for they shall obtain mercy.

May we therefore heartily join in this necessary work, by which great numbers of distressed objects will be relieved, many of whom may possibly one day make a part of the blessed company above, and there acknowledge the care that has been taken of them, in praising God, and blessing the bountiful contributors that have founded so excellent an institution.

Psal. 41. i. Blessed is he that considereth the poor, the Lord will deliver him in the time of trouble.

BOSTON. JOURNAL of the TIMES.

[CONTINUED.]

OB. 3. WE now behold the representatives chamber, Court-house, and Faneuil-Hall, those seats of freedom and justice, occupied with troops, and guards placed at the doors; the common covered with tents, and alive with soldiers; marchings and countermarchings to relieve the guards, in short the town is now a perfect garrison. — This day the Court of Sessions met at the court-house, when a motion was made by one of the bench, that the troops be ordered to remove at a distance, he being deter- mined not to assist in administering justice under the points of bayonets. In the afternoon our artillery company appeared in the field and were exercised, their captain was informed by the officer of the regulars, that it was not customary to beat drum, or fire after the evening cannon was discharged, the hint was taken. In King-street, the soldiers being gathered, a proclamation was read offering a reward of ten guineas to such soldier as should inform of any one who should attempt to seduce him from the service, after which it is said the Colonel advised them not to refuse any money offered as a temptation to desert, but to bring the offender to him, when he would take care that it should be the last offer he should make. This day the council met, when colonel Dalrymple informed them he had procured quarters, and demanded billeting for the troops.

Two circular letters of Lord Hillsborough's this day seen in print, whereby it appears that the commissioners of the board of customs had repeatedly complained of being ob- structed in the execution of their office. The proceedings of council on the 17th and 19th of July last, which G—r B—d, hitherto prevented being made public, declares to the world, that no insult had been offered the commissioners; — That, "what happened on the 10th of June, seems to have sprung wholly from those who complain of it, and that it seems probable, an uproar was hoped for and intended to be seconded by the manner of proceeding, in making the seizure of the sloop Liberty; that their quit- ting the town was a voluntary act, without any sufficient ground for the same, and that when at the castle, there was no occasion for men of war to protect them." "That it is their unanimous opinion, the civil power does not need the support of troops; that it is not for his Majesty's service, nor the peace of this province, that any troops be required, or that any came into the province; and that they deem any persons who may have made application for troops to be sent hither, in the highest degree unfriendly to the peace and good order of this government, as well as to his Majesty's service and the British interest in America." How detested and abhorred by the people must that G—r and those men then be, who, not content with having by their misrepresen- tations introduced troops into this province, are now leaving no stone unturned in order to procure quarters for them in this metropolis, to the great vexation and distress of the in- habitants, as also in violation of law and justice, which must be the case, while they are quartered in the town, to disturb and annoy the inhabitants, and while the barracks provided by the province, at a very considerable expence, remain empty! — The prints of this day contain a very extra- ordinary advertisement, published by order of the commis- sioners of customs, whereby it appears that the inhabitants of Nantucket, who are mostly of the persuasion called Quakers, have not accommodated Mr. Samuel Procter, an officer of the customs lately sent among them, with an office, and that therefore orders are issued to their several officers in America, to make seizure of all vessels, and their cargoes, that shall arrive from that island, without proper documents, signed by the Collector and D. Comptroller of the port of Boston. — If quarters are to be provided by the people for custom- house officers, who are daily increasing upon us, as well as for his Majesty's troops, we shall quickly perceive that we are without quarters ourselves.

OB. 4. Report that James Murray, Esq; from Scotland, since 1745, had let his dwelling house and sugar houses, for the quartering of troops, at 15l. sterling per month, and that Mr. Forrest from Ireland, had let them a house lately purchased for about 30l. sterling, at the rate of 60l. sterling per annum. Capt. James Scott, master of the Brig Lydia, owned by John Hancock, Esq; having his clearance and pass, and being ready for sailing, informs, that a boat from com- modore Smith's ship came along side, and acquainted him that it was Captain Smith's orders, that he should not leave this harbour without his permission.

OB. 5. The council now met, and were obliged to pass the guards, placed in the passage-way, entering their cham- ber. Colonel Dalrymple again informed them that he had provided quarters for his troops in this town, and again re- ceived of them, that they might now be billeted, and this notwithstanding the barracks built at the charge of this go- vernment for the reception of the King's troops were standing

empty. It is said that after consultation had thereon, the C—n—l advised the governor to appoint a person to make provision accordingly, provided said person would be willing to risk his being repaid therefor by the next general court; — thus we see the provision made by act of parliament for the ease and safety of the subject, and the convenience and bene- fit of the troops, may be let aside and rendered useless by any commanding officer, who will take upon himself to hire quarters amongst the inhabitants at any rate, in expectation that such expence will be finally thrown upon the people.

OB. 6. In the morning nine or ten soldiers of colonel Carr's regiment, for sundry misdemeanors, were severely whipt on the common; — to behold Britons scourged by negro drummers, was a new and very disagreeable spectacle. We are told that Captain Allen of the Galpee, goes passen- ger in the Lydia, Captain Scott, for London, with dispatches from the commander of troops, on the New-England expe- dition. No doubt with the glorious news, that he had effected a landing in the heart of the country, without the least loss or opposition to his Majesty's troops. This day, by order of Governor Bernard, the South Battery was delivered up to Colonel Dalrymple. If this people had not more patience and loyalty, than some others have tenderness and sound policy; what a scene would soon open! From Cambridge we learn, that last evening, the picture of — — — hanging in the College-Hall, had a piece cut out of the breast, exactly describing a heart and a note, — that it was a most charitable attempt to deprive him of that part, which a retrospect upon his administration must have rendered ex- quisitely painful.

OB. 7. Men of war pressing our inward-bound steamen, as they have done some time past, to the great damage of the merchant. The transactions of the council relative to billeting the troops, &c. greatly misrepresented in the Thurs- day's paper by G—r B—d, and the S—r. Abuses of this sort have of late years been many and numerous, to the infinite prejudice of Briton and the colonies.

OB. 8. This day we have the mortification to hear from one of our carpenters, that a barrack-master was contracting with him for the erecting a large building as a guard-house on the town's land, at the only entry way into this city by land, encouraged thereto by G—r B—d's declaration that said ground, and also the common, was the King's. Those lands have been taken possession of by the troops without any application to the proper owners. The store-house on the south battery, repaired by the barrack-master, and the stores belonging to the town, have been turned out upon the wharf.

OB. 9. This being the Sabbath, Mr. Kneeland, the chaplain of one of the regiments, preached to the soldiers on the common, and in the afternoon read prayers: No dis- turbances throughout the day. This night the frame of a guard-house, designed to be erected on the town land, at the entrance of the town, was cut and otherwise destroyed by persons unknown.

The Governor has by proclamation offered a reward of 20l. for the discovery of any persons concerned.

OB. 11. We have certain information, that at a full meeting of the inhabitants of Lebanon, (a large town in Connecticut) convened the 26th of September last, in con- sequence of intelligence that troops were soon expected in Boston, to be quartered upon the town; said inhabitants unanimously expressed their sentiments and resolutions as follows, "That an union of measures is absolutely neces- sary, at this important crisis, in order to maintain our liber- ties and immunities, and that they fully agreed with their brethren of Boston, in the resolves they passed in a late town meeting; and that considering themselves connected by the strongest ties to their fellow subjects, in this and the neigh- bouring colonies, they should look upon an attack upon them, as though themselves were the immediate sufferers, and that with a determinate, unalterable resolution and firm- ness, they would assert and support their American brethren, at the expence of their lives and fortunes; should their wel- fare, which is so intimately blended with their own, demand the sacrifice." As it is thought the above shows the disposition, not only of the other towns in that colony, but of the rest of the provinces; how must the friends of Britain applaud the prudence and wisdom of the late committee of convention in Boston, who in tenderness to the mother country, and loyalty to their Sovereign, under all their grievances, while they adhered strictly to their rights, yet strongly recommended peace and quietness to the people, until the effect of their last representations and petitions could be known.

OB. 12. Advice received that the merchants in Con- necticut, have agreed as those in Massachusetts, and New- York, &c. had done before them, not to import any goods from Great-Britain, till the late revenue acts, &c. are re- pealed. — A measure that must have the greatest tendency to awaken the attention of the mercantile and manufacturing part of Britain to their own immediate interest, which they lately seem to have quite lost sight of. The rumour of Castle William being delivered up by the G—r to the King's troops, arose from his having permitted a number of mariners from the ships of war, to land at Castle Island, six of whom it is said went off in a boat last night.

Reports of great desertions and a general disposition to desert from the regiments here, which it is said left Halifax under great dejection of spirits; about 25 of the soldiers absconded the last night, and parties from the troops with other clothing, instead of their regimentals are sent after them. — Some of the consequences of bringing the troops into this town, is a direct violation of the act of parliament, and disregard to the advice of his Majesty's Council, instead of

Quartering them in the barracks at Castle Island, are like to be the scattering proper sailors through the country, to infringe the inhabitants in the modern way of handling the firelock, and exercising the musket, and also in the various manufactures which the ingenuity and industry of the people of Great-Britain have hitherto furnished us with.—This night a surgeon of one of the ships of war, being guilty of very disorderly behaviour, was committed to goal by Mr. Justice Quincy, as was also a person, not belonging to this province, by Mr. Justice Hutchinson, on complaint of a soldier, that he had been enticing him to desert; said stranger was first taken and confined by Capt. Willson, in the town house for some time, without warrant or authority from any Magistrate.—If the oaths of soldiers who are promised 10 Guineas for such desertion, are to be taken as sufficient proof, we know not what prosecutions may take place.

Dec. 13. A private letter from Halifax contains some particulars relative to the Boston expedition, not known before, viz. "That in consequence of orders received September 21st, from this place, all the workmen in the King's yard, necessary to equip the ships, were set to work on Sunday; a strict embargo laid, and guard vessels sent to the mouth of the harbour to prevent intelligence being sent, and more caution used than when fixing out for the Louisbourg expedition; the embargo so strict, that an open shallop going a mackerel catching, was stoped and sent back to town; and that the troops embarked in as great hurry as was ever known in time of war."—What a Tragic-comic scene is here presented! and how must it be viewed by European politicians?—Another letter mentions, that as Halifax must sink without the support of troops and ships of war, some of their patriots were about erecting a liberty pole, and employing some boys to sing the Liberty Song through the streets, in hopes it may procure the return of those ships and forces, or a larger number from Britain, in order to quell such disturbances. Accounts received from various parts of this province and the neighbouring colonies, that the tea table furniture and other foreign superfluities, have given place to spinning wheels, looms, and other utensils of industry; and that the aversion to British manufactures increases in proportion to the measures taken to impoverish and enslave us. It is said the officers who gave out the orders last evening, observed to the soldiery, that the practices of the inhabitants to entice them away from the service, was not out of affection to them, but from disaffection to the government.—Such insinuations are a little dangerous, as the town is under the greatest uneasiness, that the troops are not placed in the government's barracks, which being on Castle Island, would have prevented any desertion, and many other evils and disorders, which are daily taking place.

His Majesty's C.—I met this day, when we are told the G.—r was informed that it was the opinion of the B.—d, that they were not held by their oaths as C.—rs to keep such matters and things as he has or may commit to them, as a secret, unless the B.—d shall judge it for his Majesty's interest so to do.

Dec. 14. The troops still keep possession of Faneuil-Hall, the court-house, representatives chambers, &c. Guards placed at the passage way into the town, near the neck. Patrolling companies near the ferry ways, and parties sent into the country to prevent desertions. In the forenoon one Rogers, a New-England man, sentenced to receive one thousand stripes, and a number of soldiers, were scourged in the common by the black drummers, in a manner, which however necessary, was shocking to humanity; some gentlemen who had held commissions in the army, observing, that only 40 of the 170 lashes received by Rogers, at this time, was equal in punishment to 500, they had been given in other regiments.

Dec. 15. A deserter from the 14th regiment was brought in last evening by one of the decoy parties, sent into the country, also a labouring man from Roxbury, with a soldier's regimentals on his back, he was confined for some time in a tent, without lawful warrant, and afterwards committed to prison by Mr. Justice Hutchinson.—This afternoon the troops were drawn up, on the common, on the appearance of General Gage; at sunset there were 17 discharges from the field cannon; he passed the front of the Battalion in his chariot, preceded by a number of aid de camps on horseback. The arrival of this gentleman from New-York, at this time, is a very agreeable circumstance, to the friends of their country; as his mild and judicious behaviour in that province, has been justly applauded; and he comes here determined to see and judge for himself.

Dec. 16. This day Capt. Jenkins arrived from London, who brought a print of August 13th, in which there is the following article, "There are 4000 troops ordered for Boston, which it is thought will sufficiently intimidate those people to comply with laws enacted in England; especially as the other Colonies seem to have deserted them." The design of sending troops among us was before fully comprehended; all the Colonies that have been permitted to meet, have united with us in humble petitions and remonstrances, and it is hoped that the merchants of Philadelphia have, or will soon co-operate in a measure our friends at home represent as the most likely to procure a redress of grievances.

Dec. 17. We have received certain accounts that at a Town Meeting held at Norwich, a large and populous town in Connecticut, he 24th instant, they voted, that their representatives be instructed.—"That the several Colonies within the Colony be obliged upon sufficient penalty, to have a general meeting of review of their respective regiments, in order that the militia be at all times properly furnished.—That proper encouragement be made for necessary manufactures in the Colony—and that the most effectual measures be taken to keep up a union with all the neighbouring Colonies;" they also unanimously voted, "That they fully approve of and justify the votes and resolves of the town of Boston in their late meeting, of the 12th of September last, and the spirited conduct of the committee of convention, declaring their allegiance to his Majesty, George the Third, as well as their resolving in the most spirited manner to maintain all their undoubted rights and privileges sacred and inviolable; that they consider the noble cause we are engaged in, as the common cause of their country; and that they will unite both heart and hand in support thereof, against all its enemies whatsoever."—A Captain of the regulars having a night before greatly insulted some young gentlemen in the coffee-house, calling them liberty boys, rebels, &c. who he was come to take care of, making them to disperse, and throwing out very indecent threatenings, being apprehensive of receiving a censure from one of them, had the precaution to come into King-street with S. G. who brought the rioters in his pocket, and he with, threatened to read the same words the gentlemen dispersed, which he has since declared with by order of

G.—r B.—d. A greater indignity than which could not have been offered, and would have shown to what an extent up, that all may be applied by the tools of power. The gentleman who had called said officer to account, took him into a private room in the coffee-house, after which he publicly asked pardon of him, and the rest of the company he had in his cups absented. It is to be hoped that this specimen of the spirit of the inhabitants upon a justifiable occasion, may prevent a repetition of such gross insults.

Dec. 18. Council summoned in the morning of yesterday, which broke up in the evening. After coming into a vote of the following import.—"His Excellency General Gage, having acquainted the board that he was in daily expectation of the arrival of two regiments from Ireland to Boston: And this board being desirous to do all in their power to accommodate the King's troops, agreeable to the act of parliament in that case made and provided, do advise, that his Excellency the Governor, give immediate orders for the clearing the manufactory-house in Boston, being the property of this Province, of those persons who are in the present possession of the same, to receive those of said regiments who cannot be accommodated in the barracks at Castle-William, or other ways agreeable to said act.—Notwithstanding the restrictions of the above vote, it proves very disagreeable to the people, who are not a little apprehensive that the G.—r who it was thought, in a manner dragged them into the same, will not fail to improve it to their disadvantage. At the above council a worthy member in reply to what the G.—r had observed to General Gage, respecting the vote of the 5th instant, for billeting the troops, told the General, that the proviso in that vote, viz. "That the person nominated to provide billeting must signify his being repaid therefor by the next general court," was made with great deliberation and with express design to prevent such person from being deceived by that vote into an apprehension, that it was in their power to procure a reimbursement for such advancements, but that it must be wholly left to the next general assembly to do thereon as they might think proper.—If the troops quartered themselves upon us, directly contrary to an act of parliament, can it be thought then, that any G.—r Assembly will ever defray the charges of billeting such troops.

Dec. 19. The people dwelling in the manufactory-house, again secured themselves with bolts and bars. His honour the Lieutenant Governor, condescending to come with Sheriff Greenleaf, and to use many arguments and devices in order to effect their removal; but he was plainly told, that it was their opinion and that of others, that they could not be legally turned out of doors in consequence of the vote of council, which was not an act of the general court, and that it surely could not be intended that they should be ousted in any other way; to which his honour replied, that the remaining part of government had given the order. Several persons have been taken up within these few days by the soldiery and confined without warrants for their so doing; some of our first merchants greatly affronted by a sea Captain or two, who have been, or probably will be called to account therefor.—Gentlemen and ladies coming into town in their carriages, threatened by the guards to have their brains blown out unless they stopped. Parties of soldiers going about the country in disguise and pretending to be deserters, are guilty of great impositions, and may occasion much mischief if not checked in time.

Dec. 20. This morning the justices of the town were called upon to meet the Governor, General Gage, and King's Attorney, at the council chamber; when met the Governor required of them to provide quarters for the troops in this town, but received for answer, that they apprehended that this application did not then come properly before them. About noon the inhabitants were greatly alarmed with the news that Mr. Sheriff Greenleaf, accompanied by the soldiery, had forced an entry sword in hand, into one of the cellars in the manufactory-house; Mr. Brown one of the inhabitants, in attempting to disarm him, received several thrusts in his cloaths, the sheriff's deputy entered with him; he then gave possession of the cellar to some of the troops: A large number of soldiers immediately entered the yard, and were placed as sentinels and guards at all the doors of the house, and all persons were forbid from going in and out of the same, or even coming into the yard. The plan of operation being as it is said to terrify or starve the occupants out of their dwellings.—Great numbers of the inhabitants assembled to be eye witnesses of this attack of the sheriff, upon the rights of citizens, but notwithstanding they were so highly irritated at his conduct, there was no outrageous attempts made upon him or his abettor, the people having had it hinted to them, that our enemies in advising to this step, had flattered themselves with the hopes that some tumults and disorder would arise, which might be improved to our further prejudice. The sheriff refused giving Mr. Brown a copy of his warrant or orders for this doing, and only referred him to the minutes of council for his justification, a copy of which was also refused him. We now see that the apprehensions of the people respecting an ill improvement of the late vote of council was not without just grounds. This night the sheriff procured guards of soldiers to be placed at his house for his protection, a measure that must render him still more ridiculous in the eyes of the people.

Dec. 21. The siege of the manufactory house still continues, and notwithstanding one of their bastions has been carried by assault; the besieged yet show a firmness peculiar to British Americans. The children at the windows crying for bread this morning, when the baker was prevented supplying them by the Guards, was an affecting sight. Some provision and succours were however afterwards thrown into the castle, with the loss of blood, but no lives. The Council met in the forenoon at the G.—rs, those of them who were in the late vote greatly disturbed, that such an illegal method should be taken by the G.—r to carry it into execution, they were still more disturbed at the treatment received. Council met in the afternoon at their own chamber, and are to meet again on the morrow. The C.—r have been really in a most uncomfortable situation for some time past, the very frequently called together by the G.—r, it is rather to give a colour and countenance to what he had done or is projecting, than to receive their information and advice. Col. Dalrymple was required by the selectmen to remove from Faneuil-Hall this Day or on the morrow, agreeable to his word of honour, the troops which have occupied it for too long a time already.—The common this day presented more scenes of distress. Desertions, drunkenness and innumerable disorders, which give uneasiness to the citizens and procure punishment for the soldiers, are to be imputed to their being placed in this town rather than on Castle-Island, and is what General Amherst and other commanders in the

late war publicly declared would be the case, if troops should be ever quartered in this town, and this opinion induced the government to be at the expense of providing suitable barracks at said island. In the evening terms of accommodation were proposed to Mr. Brown of the Manufactory, but rejected with disdain.

Dec. 22. This morning we are told, that the Sheriff, whom to carry on the allusion we will call the General, has raised the siege of the Manufactory, with the trifling loss of all his honour and reputation—the troops were withdrawn under cover of the night, and it is hoped as the season is now advanced, that they will be soon ordered into winter quarters at Castle-Island; sufficient supplies have, however, been sent into the Manufactory, to serve in case the attack should be renewed. The G.—r not liking the late determination of the justices who refused the demand for quartering, their attendance on the G.—r Yesterday was required, and they are to meet again this forenoon. Reports that Commodore Hood has been sent for, and his arrival from Halifax soon expected. A court martial, of which, by commission from the General, Colonel Dalrymple is president, held this day for the trial of a soldier of his regiment for desertion, who had been brought in by one of their decoy parties. Plenty of rum has procured many whippings on the common this evening, the men cannot be refrained from it in town.

The justices adhere to their vote respecting the G.—r's demand for quartering the troops.

Dec. 23. Advice is received, that six more regiments may be soon expected from Ireland, and another from Halifax. If pensions of £. 10 000 sterling per annum, had been settled upon G.—r B.—d and his Partisans during life, rather than making so unnecessary a military parade, it would have been a vast saving to the nation. We have accounts from Louisbourg, that several of the settlers upon that Island have been lately killed by the Savages. This is what has been expected from the late withdrawal of troops from that place, and it is to be feared our inland settlements will suffer from the like cause.

[To be continued in our next.]
CHARLES-TOWN, DECEMBER 13.

ABOUT three Weeks ago, a Spanish Sloop bound from Campeachy for St. Domingo, Joachim de Azcona, Master, put into Cape-Fear, to stop a Leak, and get a Supply of Provisions, &c.

Last Week the Rev. Mr. Keith, of St. Stephen's Parish, returned here from the Northward, by the Way of Georgia, having arrived there in Captain Bourk, from Rhode-Island.

This Day Captain White fell down into Rebellion-Road, and will sail as soon as the Weather clears up for London, in whom goes Passenger Mr. James Marshall.

We hear there are several Vessels off, but the Thickness of the Weather prevents their getting in.

The List of Justices throughout the Province, which was ordered to be published, came to Hand too late for this Day's Gazette, but shall be in our next.

RICE still continues at 60 s. per 100 lb.

Dec. CUSTOM-HOUSE, ENTRIES INWARD. From			
15th.	Schooner Mary, John Doran,	St. Augustine	
	Ship Betty, Angus M'Larthy,	Glasgow	
	Brig Hamilton, William Davis,	Liverpool	
	Snow Hope, Benjamin Linthorne,	Magador	
	Ship Caesar, William Wood,	St. Kitts	
	Sloop Patience, Thomas Walker,	New-Province	
REPORTED, Dec. 10. Sloop Three-Brothers, Thomas			
Morgan, Honduras.—Ship Unity, Fabian Spurier, Pool.			
Dec. ENTRIES OUTWARD. For			
10th.	Ship Anne, John Bowes,	Bristol	
	Schooner Expedition, John Doran,	St. Augustine	
11th.	Ship Caesar, William Wood,	Bristol	
	Schooner Margaret, John Ireland,	St. Augustine	
12th.	Ship William & Elizabeth, D. Young,	St. Vincent's	
Dec. CLEARED FOR DEPARTURE. For			
12th.	Snow Peacock, David Hewson,	Cowes	

In the Council-Chamber, the 9th Day of December, 1768.
P R E S E N T,

His Excellency the GOVERNOR in COUNCIL.
HIS Majesty's Surveyor General having Reported to his Excellency, that several of the Parties who had obtained Orders to have Plats of Land that were out of Date in his Office certified to them, had nevertheless neglected to carry them any further, whereby other People were prevented from applying for them, and neither Taxes nor Quit-Rents accrued from the said Lands. His Excellency taking the same into Consideration, was pleased, by the Advice of the Board, to direct, that if any Person shall hereafter obtain an Order to have an elapsed Plat certified to him, and shall not carry the same into a Grant, within three Months thereafter, it shall be again deemed out of Date; and that this Order be published in the Gazettes.

JAMES SIMPSON, C. C.

Charles-Town, December 13, 1768.

AS this Day's Gazette begins the fourth Year of its Publication, the Printer hopes that those of his Customers (particularly in the Country) who are in Arrears, will pay a Regard to his late Solicitations, and order him immediate Payment, as he is desirous to have his Affairs brought to a speedy Settlement.—In the mean Time, he requests the Favour of the Friends to this Gazette, (whose Number are as great as any other in the Place) to be early in sending their Advertisements for Insertion, and not to exceed Monday Noon, as he is fully determined to CONTINUE always punctual to his Day; by which, he is certain they will find an Advantage to themselves, as the Circulation of his Papers are very numerous.

Letters of Intelligence, Speculative Pieces, &c. are kindly received, by the Public's,

Most obedient humble Servant,
CHARLES CROUCH.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

By Order of his Excellency the Governor.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

TO all Persons having any demands on the PUBLIC of this Province, to deliver in Accounts of the same, upon Oath, on or before the first of January next, (after which Day none will be received) to

JACOB MOTTE, Public-Treasurer.

ALL Kinds of Blanks used in this Province, and good Writing Paper, to be sold by CHARLES CROUCH, in Elliott-street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO BE SOLD, in Tradd-street,
By **EDWARD LIGHTWOOD**,

ALL sorts of Rum, Brandy, Wine by the Dozen or Gallon, Holland Gin, Molasses, Vinegar, Barbados Tar, Turpentine Oil, and Honey by the Bottle, Mulcavado and Clayed Sugar, Bees and Myrtle Wax.
Best Barbados mixed Preserves and Ginger in three and four Pound Pots, and Tamarinds in six Pound Pots, dried Citron and Aloes, &c.

JOHN BENFIELD,

INFORMS the Public, that he continues to follow the BROKERAGE BUSINESS, particularly that for INSURANCE.—His Office is kept at his House in Tradd-street, opposite to Messrs. *Mauzell, Corbett, & Roberts*; where he has for Sale, RUM of all sorts, Madera Wine, Arrack, Gin, Cherry Bounce, and sundry other LIQUORS, Kegs of Water Bread, Loaf and Mulcavado Sugar, RAISINS of the Sun at 3/9 per Pound, taking 6 lb. or upwards, fine Salt, of a remarkable good Quality, Corks, one and two Gallon Jugs, Myrtle Wax and Tallow CANDLES of all sorts, with which Merchants and others may be supplied in any Quantity, and at the most reasonable Price.

As the PARTNERSHIP of
BRAILSFORD & CHAPMAN,

EXPIRES with the present Year, there will be a Necessity for closing all their Concerns without Delay, and they Desire all Persons indebted to them, to make immediate Payment. This Request hath frequently been heretofore made, by public Advertisements, as well as by private Application, with but little Effect, therefore, those who shall now Neglect this Notice, may expect no longer Indulgence. All Persons having any Demands upon them, are desired to bring in their Accounts to be paid.
Dec. 12, 1768. **BRAILSFORD & CHAPMAN**.

ARTHUR DOWNES,
WATCH-MAKER,

TAKES the liberty to acquaint the Public in general, and his Friends and Customers in particular, that he is removed from the Bay to the South Corner of Broad-street, opposite to Messieurs *Wilson, Cram, Wayne, & Co.* Store; where he continues to carry on his Business as usual.
A great Variety of SILVERSMITH and JEWELLERY GOODS, lately imported, to be disposed of very reasonable.
Lost or Missed, a Silver-capt and jewelled WATCH, marked *Arthur Downes*. Any Person that will bring the same to the above Shop, shall receive TEN POUNDS reward.

TO BE SOLD by the Subscriber,

(for Twelve Months Credit, with Interest)
A Valuable Plantation on the Cypress, (adjoining a Tract of Land lately advertised, and now sold) having a Quantity of fine Cypress for sawing, containing upwards of 200 Acres of Swamp, above 70 of which is cleared, has been planted two Years, and is under good Fence; there is a good Barn, and other Out-buildings on the same; there is also good Provision Land, and plenty of good Pine Timber. Any Person inclinable to Purchase, may treat with me at my Plantation near Dorchester, where the Plot may be seen.
WILLIAM SANDERS.

Just imported from SCOTLAND,
FINE French CLARET, Bell's ALE and PORTER, in Bottles at 50s. per Dozen, Rappee and Scotch SNUFF, and Pigtail TOBACCO, a large Quantity of white and coloured THREADS, BED TICK at 10s. per Yard, by the Piece, low priced CHECKS and HANDKERCHIEFS, a few Pieces of BROWN HOLLAND, &c. &c. by the Quantity, will be sold at a very low Advance. Enquire at Mr. **WILLIAM GOWDEX**'s, in Broad-street.

N.B. Exceeding good ARRACK, in Bottles containing five Gallons each, a Dozen of very neat PRINTS, glazed and framed, and a Quantity of Oronoko and Roger's TOBACCO, to be sold at Right for One CASH.

For LONDON,
THE SHIP
HEART OF OAK,
HENRY GUNN, MASTER.
(Who will be ready to Sail by the 15th of January at farthest)

FOR Freight of Deer-Skins, Indico, &c. or Passage, (having extraordinary Accommodations) apply to said Master, or
JOHN EDWARDS, & Co.

For LONDON, or COWES
and a MARKET,
THE SHIP
HOPEWELL,
WILLIAM ROBINSON, MASTER.
BURTHEN about 600 Barrels of Rice. For Freight, apply to
TORRANS, POAUG, & Co.

AS I intend certainly to remove my family to Beaufort, the beginning of January, THIS IS ONCE MORE TO GIVE NOTICE to all persons indebted to me, either by bond, note or otherwise, to discharge the same immediately; all accounts unpaid after that time will be put into the hands of an attorney to be sued for, without further notice.
SAMUEL GROVE.

A SMALL TURKEY CARPET, and a quantity of SHEEP'S WOOL, to be sold reasonable.

For OPORTO,
THE BRIGANTINE
CAROLINA SOCIETY,
CLEMENT CONYERS, MASTER.
WANTS about three Hundred Barrels of Rice on Freight,
JOSIAH SMITH, junior,
Apply to

WILLIAM LEE,

Has just imported in the *Beaufort*, Captain Daniel Corling, from LONDON.

A SMALL ASSORTMENT of
CLOCKS and WATCHES,

WHICH he will sell reasonable at his Shop in Broad-street, the Corner of Market-square.—N. B. He also repairs Musical and Plain Clocks and Watches, and will be much obliged to those Gentlemen that may please to favour him with their Commands.

UMBRELLA SHOP.

RICHARD BURKLOE,
UMBRELLA MAKER, in King street,

at the Sign of the UMBRELLA;
TAKES this Method of informing the Public, that he can supply the Gentlemen and Ladies with Umbrellas of a much better Sort than any that comes from Europe; he prepares his Cases himself, to suit the Climate, and intends to give general Satisfaction to those who will Favour him with their Custom, both in making and repairing.

He intends to open a SINGING SCHOOL, at the BAPTIST-MEETING-HOUSE, belonging to the Rev. Mr. *Oliver Hart*, the Terms are two Nights in the Week, and two Dollars per Quarter, to begin on Monday the 1st of January 1769.

TO BE SOLD at public Outcry,
On Thursday the 15th of December, instant, without Reserve, at the Vendue-House, in Charles-Town, for ready Money,

By **OATS & RUSSEL**,
A Parcel of Dr. **HILL'S MEDICINES**, viz. Tincture of Sage, Tincture of Valerian, Pepporal Balsam of Honey, Essence of Water Dock, Tincture of Centaury, Tincture of Golden Rod, and the Elixir of Bardana, in Lots.

THIS is to acquaint the Public, That **THOMAS IVERS**, **WILLIAM PRICE**, **WILLIAM HEST**, and **EDMUND HEAD**, have established a ROPE WALK on the North Side of this Town, and carry on the BUSINESS of ROPE-MAKING, under the Firm of
THOMAS IVERS, & Co.

They can compleat any Orders for CORDAGE in a short Time, and will be much obliged to those who please to favour them with their Custom.

Orders are received by **THOMAS IVERS**, at the Rope-Walk, or by **PRICE**, **HEST**, and **HEAD**, at their Store on the Bay, where a compleat Assortment of CORDAGE will be always lodged for Sale. tbctf.

TO BE SOLD at public vendue,
On Thursday the 5th of January next, in George-Town, A PLANTATION consisting of three tracts of land, pleasantly situated on Waccamaw river, about seven miles from George-Town, either by land or water, the tract on the neck runs from river to sea, has some good sea shore land for indico on it; a good new dwelling house, with two brick chimnies, and out-conveniences.—The other two tracts are swamp land, on islands just opposite the other tract, across the river, containing by estimation about one hundred and seventy acres, the whole being called six hundred and twenty-four acres, of as good land as any in the province, late the property of Doctor Alexander McDouall, deceased. Whoever inclines to purchase, may in the mean time see the title deeds in the hands of Mr. *Thomas Godfrey*, in George-Town. Credit will be given to the first day of January 1770, with interest from the day of sale, and approved security. **JOSEPH DUBOURDIEU**, Vendue-Master.

For LIVERPOOL,
THE BRIGANTINE
LYDIA,
JOHN HAYWOOD, MASTER.
(Burthen about 450 Barrels of Rice)
FOR FREIGHT or PASSAGE, (having very good Accommodations). Apply to the said Master at the Market Wharf, or to **PRICE, HEST, & HEAD**.

WANTED ON HIRE,
A SINGLE MAN, that can write a tolerable good Hand, and knows something of Accounts. Enquire of the Printer.

TO BE LET, on Charles-Town Neck, (fronting on COOPER RIVER)
A Dwelling House, Store Houses, Wharf, and Ship Yard, with sundry other Appurtenances thereto belonging. Enquire of **ROBERT COCHRAN**.

Black-Mings, November 17, 1768.
JOHN GODFREY, informs me of a sorrel horse, 13 hands high, has a white face, a white streak on each side his neck, a white spot on each cheek, both hind feet white, branded on the shoulder JS, and on the buttock AS in one, a trotter.

ANTHONY WHITE, jun. of a black horse, 13 and an half hands high, one hind foot white, eight or nine years old, branded on the mounting shoulder JS, having strayed into their inclosures. Whoever owns the said strays may prove their property before **SAMUEL NESMITH**.

FOUND adrift by my boat people, in their return from Charles-Town, a CYPRESS CANOE, about nine, teen feet in length, and three feet and an half in width, with a rudder and three oars in her, likewise a large iron pot.—The owner may have her again by applying to me, paying the expence of advertising, and a small reward to the people for taking her up. **PETER MOUZON**.

THE Subscriber gives this PUBLIC NOTICE for Time forward, to all those that has freighted his Schooner before, or may ever hereafter, that he will not be answerable or liable to make good any Damages whatever that may be sustained by her. **PETER MOUZON**.

ROBERT ACKLES of the Cypress, Beekley County, informs me of a dark gray roan horse, about 14 years old, branded on the mounting shoulder something like JM. The owner must prove his property before **ROBERT RAWLINS, J. P.**

Christ Church parish, December 1, 1768.
MR. JOHN JORN, informs me of a dark sorrel horse, about 13 hands high, branded on the near shoulder 4B in one, and on the off buttock WS. Whoever owns the said stray, must prove their property before **ANDREW HIBBEN, J. P.**

SEVERAL Dozen of good MADERA WINE, and a small Quantity of London Loaf Sugar, to be sold cheap. Enquire of the Printer.

JUST PUBLISHED,
And to be SOLD by **CHARLES CROUCH**, at his Printing-Office, in Elliott-street, the Corner of GadSDen's Alley.

AN ALMANACK, agreeable to the NEW-STYLE.—For the Year of CHRISTIAN ACCOUNT 1769, being the first Year after LEAP-YEAR.—Calculated for the Meridian of Charles-Town, South-Carolina, in Lat. 32 Deg. and 45 Min. North; where the longest Day is 14 Hours and 10 Minutes, and fitted to that Meridian Difference of Time from London, which is 5 Hours and 15 Minutes West, but may serve all the adjacent Parts, with little Error, from Maryland to East-Florida,

By **WILLIAM BALL, Philo.**

Wherein is given, the Time of the Sun's Rising and Setting; the Length of every Day; the Time of the Change and Full of the Moon; the Moon's Age every Day; the Part of the Body where the Sign is every Day; the Time of the Moon's Rising and Setting; the Time of the Seven Stars Rising, Southing and Setting, and the Time when some of the Planets and other Stars rises, south's, and sets; the Eclipses of the Sun and Moon; the Aspects, and Judgment of the Weather, and the remarkable Days throughout the Year; with several other Things, both useful and improving. It also contains, a List of the Public-Officers in South-Carolina, viz. the Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, the Members of his Majesty's Council, &c. &c.—The Days on which the Court of General Sessions, and Court of Common Pleas are held; Return Days; Adjournment Days of the Sessions; Days for drawing Grand and Petit Jurors for the Court of General Sessions; Days for drawing Jurors for the Common Pleas, &c.—A List of the Justices appointed by his Excellency the Governor in Council, for the several Counties in this Province;—Branch Pilots for the Bar and Harbour of Charles-Town;—Holidays on which no Business is done at the Custom-House;—two Receipts for the Cholick; one ditto for Ruptures; Dr. *Watkinson's* famous Family Medicine, &c. ditto his Worm Medicine; an efficacious Gargle and Plaster for the Sore-Throat; an infallible Cure for the Bite of a mad Dog; an efficacious Receipt for destroying Bugs, &c.—Likewise, an Abstract of an Act for regulating and ascertaining the Rates of Wharfe of Ships and Merchandise; and also for ascertaining the Rate of Storage in Charles-Town, passed the 12th Day of April, 1768;—General Duty on Goods imported into this Province; Additional Duty on Goods imported; Duty on Slaves; General Duty on Goods exported;—Pilots Fees for the Bar and Harbour of Charles-Town;—Days for granting Licences to keep Taverns, and for electing Parish Officers;—Fees of the Collector of his Majesty's Customs for this Port;—Rates of Carriage of Goods and Merchandise, within the Limits of this Town;—Days for receiving Petitions for Land, hearing Caveats, &c. before the Governor and Council;—Rates of Portage;—Division of the Province into Counties and Parishes;—Roads South-westward and North-eastward;—a Cure for a Cancer;—Interest Table, &c. &c.

Store-keepers in the Country, and others, will be supplied on reasonable Terms, by sending their Orders in Time to the Printer herof.
Where also may be had **FATHER ABRAHAM'S ALMANACK**, for the Year 1769.

JOHN CHAMPNEYS, FOLLOWS the FACTORAGE BUSINESS by himself, and hopes for the Continuance of the Favour of his Friends, as he will endeavour to give Satisfaction to all who may please to employ him; he also hopes for the Continuance of those Gentlemen's Custom, who have had their Business done at the Wharf, and they may depend on the same Diligence and constant Attendance as formerly. 6m.

RUN-AWAY some time in June last, a negro fellow named **GEORGE**, he has been used to going in a boat as patron, so that he is well known about Cooper and Wando rivers, likewise at John's-Island and Ponpon; he is a little old fellow, talks much, and has a cast in his eyes. Whoever takes up and delivers him to the warden of the Work-house, shall have TWENTY POUNDS reward. Any person giving information of his being harboured by a white person, shall on conviction of the offender, receive FIFTY POUNDS, or if harboured by a negro, TEN POUNDS. If the said negro fellow **GEORGE**, will come home of his own accord, he shall be forgiven. **JOHN MARLEY**.

GOOD PARCHMENT SKINS, to be sold by the Printer herof, in Elliott-street.

St. GEORGE.

ON Wednesday the 28th of December, Instant, at Mr. Robert Dillen's in Broad-street, will be held a QUARTERLY MEETING of the ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY, the Members whereof are desired to attend by the Hour of Eleven in the Forenoon, for the Dispatch of Business of Importance.

By Order of the President,
WILLIAM MAXWELL, Secretary.

TO BE SOLD, By FRANCIS BAKER,

A LOT of LAND situated at the South end of King-street, fronting on said street about 60 feet, and 150 feet in depth. Any person inclinable to become a purchaser, may treat with him at Mr. William Savage's counting-house, or at his own house the upper end of Broad-street, facing the old sugar-house; where the MANTUA-MAKING BUSINESS is carried on by ANNE BAKER, who would be much obliged to those who choose to favour her with their custom, as they may depend on having their work finished in a complete manner, and on the shortest notice.

COUNTRY CHILDREN taken in to Board, at £. 100 per Ann. Enquire of Elizabeth Hutchings, near Charles Motte, Esq; in Tradd-street.

THE Subscriber is removed on the Green, next Door to Mr. Thrus, (a very agreeable, healthful and pleasant situation) he would be glad of a few Children as Boarders, which will be taken on very reasonable Terms, and flatters herself that she can give entire satisfaction; any Gentlemen or Ladies either in Town or Country, that please to favour her with their Children, may depend on the greatest Care and Tenderness of them, and the quickest Notice as possible given, if Sick at any Time, to their Parents or Friends, by ELIZABETH AXON.

N. B. There is several Schools near, which makes it very convenient.

ABRAHAM ROULAIN,

ACQUAINTS the Public in general, and his Friends and former Customers, that he hath removed into Tradd-street, next Door to George Saxby, Esq; where he carries on the Joiners and Cabinet Business; he will be much obliged to those Ladies and Gentlemen who please to favour him with their Custom.—Mrs. ROULAIN carries on the Mantua-Makers Business, at the same Place.

WANTED,

AN OVERSEER who understands the making of Indico, and will bring a good Recommendation with him, great Encouragement will be given. Apply in St. Stephen's Parish, to Mr. JOHN GAILLARD, or in Charles-Town, to THEODORE GAILLARD.

N. B. If he should have a few Negroes, Shares will be allowed, or taken on Hire.

JAMES DUTHIE, PERUKE-MAKER,

Printing the Hon. Daniel Blake, Esq; in Meeting-street, TAKES this method of informing the public, that he has imported a very fine assortment of fresh hairs, in the last vessels from London; he will supply gentlemen with perukes of all kinds, and ladies with rolls of the most fashionable kind, and at a more reasonable rate for ready cash, than has hitherto been done in the province.—Gentlemen and ladies from the country can be supplied with the above articles on the shortest notice.—Orders from the country will be punctually obeyed.

He is also extremely glad that he has this opportunity of acknowledging the many obligations he is under to his friends and customers, and hopes still for the continuance of their favours, as he shall do all in his power to merit them.

He has a good assortment of materials for carrying on his business. Also, best scented and plain powder, and the very best pomatum.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD,

STOLEN on the 19th of September last, from my landing on Edisto Island, a black cypress canoe, about 24 feet long, and about four feet wide, can row with five oars, has a piece in one of her sides, two letters cut on her stern sheets NA joined together, and a D some distance off, has a burn in her main thought, a cedar timber in her stern, above her stern sheet. Whoever brings her to me on Edisto Island, or to Mr. James Fisher, merchant, in Charles-Town, shall have the above reward, or whoever discovers the thief so as he may be brought to justice, shall on his conviction thereof, receive the same reward. DAVID ADAMS.

M. NELSON,

PASTRY-COOK, from LONDON;

RETURNS her sincere thanks to those gentlemen and Ladies who have honoured her with their custom, she continues to make when bespoke, at her house in Elliott-street, rich plum cake iced, at 10s. per pound, biscuit and seed ditto, syllibubs and jellies, 20s. per dozen, white custards in glasses, at 15s. per dozen, lemon and orange cream borage, 20s. per plate, rice cups, 15s. 6d. per plate, lemon, orange, citron, and almond pudding, 20s. a piece, orange pye, 30s. snow cheese 30s. apple tarts, curd, and apple cheese-cakes, 25s. per dozen, almond and lemon ditto, 30s. per dozen, minced pies, 3s. 9d. a piece, preserved oranges, 7s. 6d. a piece, apples, 25s. per plate, orange and apple marmalade, collard and potted beef, and many other articles, too tedious to enumerate.—Part of a house, a large back stove, and a front cellar to let.

CANDLES and SOAP,

MADE by the Subscriber, and sold at William Edwards, Saddler, by any Quantity.—Merchants, Captains of Vessels, and others, may be supplied on the shortest Notice, by Their humble Servant,
JOHN EDWARDS.

For SALE,

(Together or separate)

TWO valuable PLANTATIONS at TRACTS of LAND, in the parish of St. George, Dorchester, viz. One tract of 700 acres of rice and corn land, including 500 acres of cypress and tupello swamp, uncleared, butting and bounding on the plantations of Daniel Blake, Esq; and Samuel Hamlin, and on the plantation of the late Col. Richard Beadon, deceased, at Beach-Hill, and also on lands of Benjamin Coachman, Esq; on which is a good barn, oversize house, and negro houses, about four miles from Bacon's-Briggs.

The other tract of 900 acres, including 100 acres of cypress and tupello swamp, uncleared, is three miles from Bacon's-Briggs, and butts and bounds on lands late of Roger Somner, Thomas Waring, and Adam Daniel, deceased, and the aforementioned tract; on this plantation is a very good two story dwelling house, a new corn house, and other necessary buildings; the above plantations are conveniently situated for sawing of cypress, and making of shingles, as well as planting, being the most contiguous to a landing of any lands in the neighbourhood, that contain so great a body of compact swamp, and that can produce so large a quantity of the best cypress timber. The subscriber will attend any person that incline to view the lands, and will also make the terms easy to the purchasers.

DANIEL DOYLEY.

GEORGE LIVINGSTON,

GAVE NOTICE three several Days in Messieurs TIMOTHY's and CROUCH's Papers, that the Co-Partnership between him and Mr. Champney was at an end, and that he intended carrying on the FACTORY BUSINESS on his, the said Mr. Champney's Wharf, since which, and early after his Appearance in those Papers, Messieurs LIND & CHOVIN very kindly invited him to join with them; he thinks it proper that he should inform his Friends, that he has by the Advice of some Gentlemen, that were near at Hand to Consult, (and for the better Security and Dispatch of such Concerns as he may be entrusted with) accepted their Invitation; the Business will be carried on at Mr. Burn's Wharf, under the Firm of Livingston, Lind, & Chovin,

he has nothing more to add, than an Assurance in his Partners, and his own Name, of a STRICT REGARD TO ORDERS, and the SAME FIDELITY and PUNCTUALITY that he promised in his former Advertisements.

1 Jan.

N. B. We have Eight Boats at Command, so that we have it always in our Power to supply our Friends whenever they please to Order.



WHEREAS a negro fugitive man slave, calls himself BELFAST, he is five feet six inches high, full faced, has the mark of a shot on his left thigh, was brought to the Work-house in Charles-Town, the twenty-second of July 1767, and has been confined in the said Work-house for near seventeen months last past, and although due and public notice thereof has from time to time been given in this gazette, no person or persons have hitherto made any claim or claims to the said fugitive slave.

This is therefore to give notice, that unless claim or claims be made to the said fugitive slave, he will be sold at public outcry, in Charles-Town, the said day of January next, in order to reimburse the monies disbursed on receipt of the said fugitive slave, together with the reasonable charges arising by such sale, and for his fees and provisions, and the overplus money, if any there shall be, will be rendered and paid by the Warden to the Public-Treasurer, in trust for the owner or owners of the said fugitive slave, provided the same be claimed by him, her, or them, within one year and a day after such sale.

JOHN BROWN, Warden of the Work-house.

Brought to the WORK-HOUSE.

September 30, 1767. An Angola negro wench, who calls herself JENNY, but cannot tell her master's name; she is a short wench, of a yellow complexion, with very small breasts; she has on an old white negro cloth wrapper and petticoat. Taken up at Mr. Waring's plantation at Beach-Hill.

July 17, 1768. A negro fellow born in Jamaica, calls himself James Williams, and his master Thomas Wheeler, that he lives in Kingston, Jamaica, and was hired to one Davis, first Lieutenant of the Sterling-Castle, and that he left her at Cape-Fear; he is 5 ft 9 inches high, thin faced, has a cut on his nose, and branded on his right shoulder M R, also the mark of a shot just below his left knee, which he says was done at the siege of the Havanna, he has on a white negro cloth jacket and ozanabrug trousers. Taken up in Charles-Town.

December 3. A negro fellow of the Guinea country, calls himself TONY, and his master's name WAITT, lives in Georgia, and makes rice and indico, he is five feet four inches high, wants his teeth forward above and below, also a great scar on his left cheek, which he says was done by the kick of a horse, he has on a blue coat, yellow jacket, and leather breeches. Taken up at Mr. Edward Wilkinson's plantation, Will-Town.

A negro fellow calls himself DICK, says he is country born, and his master's name CHRISTIAN MOTTE, lives at Horle-Savannah, he is five feet three inches high, of a black complexion, smooth skin, has on a blue coat, white negro cloth breeches and leggings. Taken up at Mrs. Fuller's plantation, near Ashley-River.

A negro fellow calls himself PRIMUS, and his master's name ALEXANDER GOWEN, lives at the Horle-Shoe, is a free mulatto; he is five feet two inches high, of a yellow complexion, says he formerly belonged to Mr. WILLIAMSON, a taylor, at Jacksonburg, has on a white negro cloth coat, breeches, and leggings. Taken up at Mrs. Fuller's plantation.

JOHN BROWN, Warden.

JAMES SCREVEN intending to remove into Georgia in a short Time, hereby gives Notice, that in the mean Time he is ready to answer any Suit or Summons that shall be issued against him.

Manfell, Corbett, & Roberts,

HAVE imported in the Ship PLANTER'S-ADVENTURE, MILES LOWLEY, master, from LONDON;

A compleat Assortment of GOODS,

The greatest part of which were bought with CASH of the manufacturers, and will be sold very CHEAP, at their store in Tradd-street, among which are the FOLLOWING ARTICLES.

FASHIONABLE SUPERFINE BROAD

CLOTHS, low priced narrow cloths, German serges, Bath coating and whitneys, with suitable trimmings, blue, green, white and brown negro cloth, dufil and bed blankets, very cheap striped stuffs for negro wench's gowns, London made Italian riding chairs, chair harnesses, marble slabs, with and without brackets, marble mortars and pestles, Cheshire and Gloucester cheese, porter in barrels, pier and dressing glasses with drawers, carpets and carpeting, corded dimity, counterpanes, split peas, handsome silk pieces for gentlemen's waistcoats, very fashionable in England, table and tea china in sets and otherwise, women's black ruffled coats, furniture checks, crinoline, bed quilts, cotton quilting, mantuas, satins, luteofrings, and other silks, scarlet clarks and cardinals, Irish linen, Irish and Russia sheeting, lawns, muslins, platilines, princes linen, diapers, damasks, buckram table cloths, cambric, bandannas, romals, India ebatis, persians, chipt hats, field quilts, flannels, Turkish coverlets, long sils, guns, gun rings, corn mills, smoke jacks, shovels, tongs and pokers, grates and fenders, brass beaded dogs, books and binges, carpenters and coopers tools, fashionable gilt buckles, shot and gun powder, gun-powder flasks, peas, beans, and sundry other GARDEN SEEDS, earthen wares, Turlington's balsam, Ward's medicines, bird and breeding cages, coffee mills, linseed oil, paints, glue, featherbeds, nails, wedges, axes, bees, rice sieves and sickles, scyths, guern and grind-stones, Scotch plaid, bed ticking, Flanders bed ticks, pewter, iron twines, pickles, fowls with pigtail tobacco, oil cloth umbrellas, worsted and yarn bags, ivory lace, Norwich crapes, sail cloth, brushes, iron pots, sad irons, saucepans; Barcelona handkerchiefs, buck, doe and grounded lamb breeches, tin wares, copper saucepans and kettles, ozanabrug, Russia drab, beffings, Raven's duck, currants, mace, cloves, nutmegs, ginger, pimento, almonds shelled and unshelled, black pepper, single and double refined loaf sugar, mattresses, dufil coats, searought jackets, rapped snuff, Scotch ditto, fig and powder blue, Poland starch, hair powder, honey water, tooth powder, wash balls, pomatum, glass wares of most kinds, handsome pyramids cheap, eight day clocks, English SEED OATS, RYE and POTATOES.

A QUANTITY of GOOD

WHITE PLAINS,

To be Exchanged for other GOODS, or sold at nine for one,

BUTTER IN FIRKINS,

From 50lb. to 100lb. Neat, equal to FRESH BUTTER, at THREE SHILLINGS and SIX-PENCE, per Pound,

By ATKINS & WESTON.

Who for the LAST TIME, request those who are BOND CREDITORS of the late JOHN COOPER of Stann, deceased, to make the same known before the first of January next, when they are desired to call for such Payment as they then shall be enabled to make; those who NEGLECT THIS NOTICE, will be excluded. 6w.

TO BE SOLD, by

CHARLES S. STOCKER,

CHOICE CLARET, MOUNTAIN, and PORT, by the Dozen Bottles, Madera and Vidonia WINES, by the Pipe, Quarter-Cask, or smaller Quantity.

Old Jamaica, West-India, and Northward RUM, by the Hoghead, Quarter-Cask, or smaller Quantity.

Best Batavia ARRACK, Holland GENEVA, COR-DIALS, French BRANDY, and VINEGAR, by the Gallon.

Loaf and Muscovado SUGAR, CHOCOLATE, TEA, COFFEE, SALT, &c. 6w.

TEN CASKS of exceeding fine bottled

TALE, of such a Quality as is not

commonly imported into this Province, to

be sold by RICHARD BAKER, Master of the

Ship Indian-King, at Col. Beale's Wharf,

or enquire of Capt. BLAKE, at Mr. Roper's

Wharf.

TO BE LET, and entered on immediately,



THE HOUSE in King-

street, belonging to Col.

BEALE, and wherein Mr. JOHN

BEALE lately lived. Enquire of

GEORGE MATHEWES.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

In the COMMONS HOUSE of ASSEMBLY, the 22d Day of March, 1768.

ORDERED,

THAT Public Notice be again given in the Gazettes, to the Constables who have, or may have any Demands against the Public of this Province, for conveying Malefactors to Goal, that they do deliver in, to the Public Treasurer, at the Time they apply for the Payment of their Fees for the said Service, a distinct and particular Account of their respective Demands, with the Number of computed Miles, the said Constables may respectively travel in taking and bringing to Goal such Malefactors, and such Charges as they may be at for the said Service, certified by the Magistrates by whom the Prisoners were committed.

By Order of the House,

THOMAS FARR, jun. Clerk.

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CHARLES-TOWN: Printed by CHARLES

CROUCH, in Elliott-street.

TO BE SOLD on Monday the 19th Day of December next, at the House of Mrs. Margaret Carpenter, in Archdale-Street,

ALL the Personal Estate of BENNET OLDHAM, deceased, consisting of Books, a Pair of Globes, some Trinkets, and Household Furniture. A Catalogue may be seen, and the Conditions will be made known on the Day of Sale, by
ARCHIBALD CRAWFORD, Executor.



RUN-AWAY from the Subscriber, on the 17th of November, instant, a NEGRO FELLOW, named

POLYDORE,

this country born, about five feet eight inches high, 28 or 30 years of age, a very good cooper; had on when he went away, an old lapelled green jacket without sleeves, with brass buttons, and an old negro cloth jacket over it, he is supposed to be harboured at Goose Creek, where he has a father and mother living with Mr. Norman; he formerly belonged to Dr. Brown, and sold after the death of Mrs. Brown, near two years since. Whoever will apprehend the said fellow, and deliver him to me at my plantation on Ferguson's swamp, St. John's parish, shall be paid TEN POUNDS, by
MATTHEW HARDY.

U Z ROGERS,

BEGS Leave to inform his Friends and the Public in general, that the Co-partnership of *Hawes & Rogers* is dissolved, and that he continues all the Branches of CHAIRS and HARNESS MAKING, and makes and mends Carts and Drays, Cart and Chaise Wheels.—Plows as good as can be imported, as also most kinds of BLACK-SMITH'S WORK, done as cheap as can be imported, at his Shop the Corner of Church and Queen-street, opposite Col. Smith; any Gentleman that will favour him with their Custom may be assured of Dispatch, and being done in a *Workmanlike Manner*.

A Few Chests of BOHEA and SUPERFINE HYSON TEA, TRAIN and BLUBBER OIL, and two very neat SULKEYS, with Harnesses complete, just imported, to be sold cheap, by DAVID STODDARD, at his Store on the Bay, next Door to Messrs. *Yadasson & Simpson*.



For LONDON DIRECTLY,
THE SHIP
PLANTER'S-ADVENTURE,
MILES LOWLEY, Commander.

FOR Freight of Indico, Skins, or for Passage, having good Accommodations, apply to Captain LOWLEY, or
MANSELL, CORBETT, & ROBERTS.

TAKEN up a drift, on the 25d instant, November, on St. Helena river, a small new cypress CANOE, about 26 feet 7 inches long, and 2 feet 7 inches wide, with a new lock and chain to her; the chain looks as if it had been split off from some post or other. The owner of said canoe on proving his or her property, paying the charges thereon, and applying to the subscriber on St. Helena island, may have her again.
CHARLES CAPERS.

TO BE SOLD,
By GEORGE LIVINGSTON,



ONE sixth of the Schooner BLAKE, carries about 140 Barrels of Rice, she is but two years old, and is every way well fitted.—Half of the lease of two Stores for (on Mr. *Chapman's* Wharf) five Years from the first Day of September last, they now Rent at 350l.—Also a Tract of extraordinary good Land, fronting Pedee River, measuring 1050 Acres, it bounds to the Northwest on Lands of Mr. Daniel Britton, all other sides vacant at the Time of the Survey.

ONE sorrel gelding, a natural trotter, has a blaze in his forehead, two white feet, seven years old, scarce 13 hands high, branded on the near buttock thus *QIN*.

One small bay Stallion, about 12 hands high, some white hairs in his face, a trotter, branded on the near shoulder thus *ED*.

One black mare, with a star in her forehead, about 13 hands high, a trotter, branded on the near shoulder thus *I E P D B K*, and on the near buttock thus *B K S K*, on the shoulder thus *H*.

One gray horse, four years old, 12 hands and an half high, a natural trotter, has a blaze in his face, a raw nose, and one glass eye, branded on the near shoulder thus *X*.

And one black horse, a trotter, branded on the off shoulder thus *I*, on the near shoulder thus *S*, and on the off buttock thus *W*, marked on the head with a halter. The property of the said horses to be proved before
Nov. 3, 1768. JOHN PERKINS, J. P.

St. Thomas's, November 3, 1768.

STRAYED or STOLEN from Santee, two horses, viz. one a gray, about 14 hands high, branded on the mounting buttock *Q P*, trots and canters; the other a small black, about 12 hands high, branded on the mounting shoulder *R*. Whoever takes up the said horses and delivers them to me, shall have *Five Pounds* for the gray, and *Fifty Shillings* for the black, from
EBENEZER ROCHE.

A Stray bay horse, about 13 hands high, branded on the mounting buttock like *..*. The owner on proving his property, may have the said horse, by applying to *Edward Jordan*, at Ralph Izard, Esq's, plantation at Goose Creek.

ALL Persons indebted to ROBERT BIRD, deceased, are desired to make Payment, and those that have any Demands against him are desired to bring in their Accounts properly attested before the Day of Sale.—To be sold for ready Money the 19th Day of December 1768, all his Wearing Apparel, in St. Thomas's Parish, at the French-Quarter-Muster-House.

LAWRENCE MAYER, Administrator.

Charleston, November 14, 1768.

THE Subscriber will be greatly obliged to all Persons that employed Mrs. MARY DRAKE's Schooner, to continue the same to him, the same Patron as formerly goes in her.—Any Ship-Carpenters or others in want of Masts, Spars, Logs or Trees, may be supplied at the same Place, by
WILLIAM COACHMAN.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, to all Persons who is in any ways indebted to the Estate of Mr. JOHN DE LESSLEINE, deceased, that they are hereby requested to make immediate Payment, and those who have any Demands to bring in the same properly attested by the first Day of March 1769, to
ELIZABETH MARY DE LESSLEINE, Adminr.

THE Subscriber having procured a good Hand, who understands his Business as well as any other Person whatever, gives this public NOTICE to his Friends and Customers, that he can supply them with SOAP and CANDLES, made of the best Materials, and at as easy a Rate as can be had any where else in Town, by applying to him at his House in King-street, near Mr. John Marley's,
THOMAS FULLALOVE.

JOHN BUTLER, overseer to Archibald Stanyarne, Esq, informs me of a brown bay mare, having strayed into Mr. Stanyarne's plantation at Stono, branded on the off buttock *MT* in one, about 12 hands high, has a long switch tail, some saddle spots. The owner must prove his property before
Nov. 9, 1768. JOHN REMINGTON, J. P.

A WOMAN who has just lost her Child, would be glad to take one in to Suckle at her own House. Enquire of the Printer.

St. George, December 12, 1768.
A FLEA-BITTEN GRAY HORSE, about thirteen hands high, and an half hands high, branded on the off buttock something like *PH* in one. The owner must prove his property before
JOHN JOOK.

TO BE SOLD at private Sale,
A Young, healthy, sober Wench, about 18 Years old, that is as good a Seamstress as any in the Province, she will suit for Town or Country. For further Particulars, Enquire of the Printer.

WANTED,
A MAN of good Character, and properly qualified to Teach a few Children Reading, Writing, and Arithmetic, in a private Family, to whom suitable Encouragement will be given. Enquire of the Printer.

In the HEART OF OAK, Captain GUNN, from LONDON, and the FAIR-AMERICAN,
Captain MINSHALL, from LIVERPOOL,

WEBB & DOUGHTY,

HAVE JUST IMPORTED,

A LARGE and COMPLETE

ASSORTMENT OF EUROPEAN GOODS,

The chief of which being purchased at the manufactories, will enable them to sell on as GOOD TERMS as any STORE in Charles-Town, particularly for CASH.—They hope for a CONTINUANCE of the favour of their FRIENDS.

Among a VARIETY of other ARTICLES are the following, viz.

A

Very neat white flowered LUTESTRING, a rich blue and white, and pink and white flowered ditto, an exceeding good black paduoy, 3-4th wide lead colour, blue, lemon and pink lutestrings shot with white, plain green ditto, a few pieces of the newest fashion 3-4th striped silks, India perians, several pieces of India chints bordered, ladies fashionable coloured satin cloaks and hats, black, blue and crimson flowered satins for ladies cloaks and hats, with laces suitable, rich minionet laces, striped and flowered gauzes and handkerchiefs, superfine broad and narrow cloths, of the most fashionable colours, with a variety of gold and silver wire and basket buttons, Prussian bindings, &c. German lerges, Yorkshire cloths, blue, green and drab coloured whineys, scarlet beaver, purple half thick, swankins, flannels and kerseys, crimson hair shag, callimancoes and tammies, dove coloured, blue, pink and brown silk and worsted lutestrings for ladies winter wear, half ell bombazeens, worsted diamantes and masques, rades, neat and strong for house wenchens wear, at 10s. per yard, a rich and compleat set of enameled TABLE CHINA, and a compleat set of very neat blue and white ditto, with a variety of tureens, dishes, plates, bowls of all sizes, breakfast and tea china, well bought Irish sheeting and shirting linens, ozabruge, ticklinburg, Raven's duck and hessens, 3-4th Russia diaper and huckaback, 6-4th and 8-4th tabling ditto, napping and clouting damasks and diaper, diaper and damask table cloths, fine linen and silk handkerchiefs, French and India romalls, &c. great choice of other handkerchiefs, printed cottons and calicoes, very elegant chints coloured cotton bed patterns, red and white, and blue and white ditto, book, flowered and striped muslins, superfine flowered cotton quilting for petticoats, flowered and corded dimities, cotton counterpanes and erminets, a variety of handsome furniture and cotton checks, bed ticks and bunts, doyleys, 3-4th and 10-4th bed blankets, mattresses, blue fearnought waistcoats, kersey and duffel great coats, neat ready made furtouts, compleat sets of cream coloured stone table ware, a variety of handsome wine glasses and decanters, jelly and syllybub glasses, arset frames, cut glass and silver tops, flowered tumblers, glass lanterns and shades, a very neat pair of gilt pediment sconces, dressing glasses, scarlet cloaks and cardinals, black russel petticoats, fine chipt hats, bags saim-caps and white beaver hats, with blue feathers, a variety of Denmark and other new fashioned ribbons, black ivory fans, very neat coloured ditto, worsted cruels and marking canvas, a large assortment of men and womens gloves, best London made brocade, satin, russel and callimanco pumps, men and boys neat shoes and pumps, women and childrens leather ditto, toed clogs, strong black grained shoes for negroes wear, leather portmantuas, portmantuas and caravan trunks, fresh pickles of all kinds, Durham mustard, paints and linseed oil, a few more beaver hats of the newest taste, cutlery of all kinds, several cases of ivory handle knives and forks, FRENCH HORNS compleat, violins, silver bases and Roman strings, breeding cages, very neat fowling pieces, two very handsome Turkey carpets, Wilton bedside ditto, Oronoko and Rogers's best tobacco, Kippen's pigtail, mens very neat silk hose, best four thread breeches patterns, worsted hose and hosiery of all kinds, best double and single refined sugar, raisins and currants, bohes and a tub of excellent HYSOON TEA just opened, a compleat assortment of carpenters, joiners, coopers, blacksmiths and plantation tools, all kinds of ironmongery in general, a very elegant trencher bow front stove, with fender, &c. compleat, a neat column bow ditto, and a dragon bordered ditto, with fender, &c. compleat, very neat Chinese mantle landscapes elegantly finished and finely painted, different from any thing of the kind ever imported into this province, with Denmark borders, best LONDON CORDAGE, at 111. per cent. and SHIP CHANDLERY of all kind, with Jamaica, West-India and Northward RUM, Muscovado SUGAR, SALT, BAR IRON, &c. &c.

ALL Persons having Demands on the Estate of Archibald Stewart, deceased, are desired to make the same known by the 1st Day of January, 1799, in Part of said Estate will be then resorted to the Heirs in Ireland, pursuant to the last Will and Testament of the said deceased.

EDWARD JOYCE's famous AMERICAN BALSAM, which has proved serviceable in most of the Disorders mentioned in the Directions, is to be sold by CHARLES CAUCE, in Ellison-street.



A Large convenient SHOP, COMPTING-HOUSE, and DAY CELLARS, &c. next to Messrs. James & William Lums's, in Ellison-street. Enquire of JOHN McCALL.

TO BE SOLD at public vendue,

On Tuesday the 20th of December next, to the highest bidder, at the usual place in Charles-Town, the following VALUABLE PLANTATIONS or TRACTS of LAND, belonging to the estate of FRANCIS ROCHE, Esq; deceased, viz. THE plantation whereon the said deceased lived, in St. Thomas's parish, at the head of Cooper River, which is so well known as to render any description thereof unnecessary.—A plantation or tract of land, containing 1043 acres, situate on Coosawhatchee swamp, about one half of which is as good swamp land as any in the province; this tract will be divided into two, so as to give an equal quantity of swamp to each, or sold entire, as the purchasers may choose.—Another plantation or tract of land in Craven County, containing 1000 acres, situate on the west side of Pedee River, originally granted to Jordan Roche, deceased, at which time it was bounded to the north partly on Anthony Atkinson, Esq; and partly on vacant land, south on Mrs. Elizabeth Bremar's land, west on vacant land, and southeast on Little Pedee River.—Also at the same time and place, a house and lot, belonging to Ebenezer Roche, at present inhabited by Mrs. Willis, situate on the upper part of Union-street continued, 40 feet in front on said street, and 104 in depth. The purchasers of all or any of the above lands may have one, two, or three years credit, paying interest, and giving security, if required.

SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, jun. & Co.

TO BE SOLD at vendue,

On Thursday the 15th day of December next, at Mr. JOHN COX's tavern, commonly called RANTOWLE'S-BRIDGE, at STONO,

ALL the household furniture, horses, and a chaise with springs and swingle-tree to fix, to draw double on occasion, with harnesses compleat, as good as new, belonging to George Mullins.

Also a considerable quantity of useful furniture, belonging to James Richards, which he has no occasion for, as he is now in a private way of life.—If the above day should prove rainy, the sale will be the first fair day after.

THE Subscriber takes this METHOD to acquaint the Public, that he has opened an EVENING SCHOOL, from the Hours of Seven to Nine, at his Lodgings at Mrs. SMITH's in Broad-street, nearly opposite to Dr. GARDEN; where young Ladies and Gentlemen may be taught the FRENCH LANGUAGE in its Purity, with the right Pronunciation. By their humble Servant,

F. DE LA LANDE.

N. B. I have some leisure Hours in the Day, in which I would attend at any Persons House for this Purpose, if required.—Mrs. SMITH has good Accommodations for three or four LODGERS, who may expect the gentlest Treatment.